

Appendix 1



London Borough of Tower Hamlets

Risk, Internal Audit and Control Plan: 2014/15

Foreword

The role of internal audit is important in supporting Tower Hamlets achieve its goals and outcomes. For internal audit to contribute towards the overall goals, effective planning of audit activity is essential, whether planned or unplanned. The annual audit plan for 2014-15 is devised using a risk based methodology, and focuses on areas where the Council needs to be sure its risks are being properly managed. The plan also recognises the wider role audit has in supporting management, who strive to deliver excellent public services to residents living in, and people working in the borough, by including for example, corporate reviews, value for money, contract and ICT audits. A significant proportion of the annual plan focuses on providing independent assurance over the systems of control for managing risks across the authority. There is also some flexibility within the plan for risks that will arise over the next financial year.

One change this year is the audit of risk registers maintained at Directorate and Corporate levels within the organisation. The management of strategic risks has never been in sharper focus and the audit plans recognises the need to provide independent assurance on the effectiveness of risk mitigation.

In preparing the plan, it is important to recognise the contributions made by officers at the Departmental and Corporate Management Teams, the S151 Officer, and the Chair of the Audit Committee for which I am grateful.

Minesh Jani Head of Risk Management and Audit

Context

Risk taking is vital to the success of any business; it is inherent in everything we do. All too often, however, risks are regarded only as hazards despite the fact they can present significant opportunities for organisations to innovate and gain short and long-term competitive advantages. Risk and opportunity are, in essence, a duality – like two sides of the same coin.

The Good Governance Standard for Public Services identifies that 'Good governance means "taking informed, transparent decisions and managing risk". This implies creating a framework of enterprise-wide risk management that is embedded in the 'business as usual' operations and viewed as an integral component of how the organisation is governed.

Risk management is not about avoiding or eliminating risk. It is about understanding what risks are and the potential impact upon the organisation should the risks materialise and also about controlling risks when they arise.

Embedding good, enterprise-wide risk management systems will facilitate the achievement of our strategic objectives.

Internal Audit and their evaluation of controls provide an important part of the tool kit that the Corporate Management Team and the Audit Committee have in evaluating the risks being faced by the organisation, and the controls that are in place to mitigate these risks.

The Role of Internal Audit

The role of Internal Audit is to provide an independent 'assurance' to the organisation that its systems of internal control are sound and adequate, and are being complied with by staff and management.

Internal Audit is a review function, which independently reviews and reports upon the organisation's internal control, governance and risk management arrangements. It critically evaluates the entire internal control framework and where necessary, makes recommendations for improvement and the introduction of best practice.

The 2013 Public Sector Internal Audit Standards – Applying the IIA International Standards to the UK Public Sector defines internal audit as:

"An independent, objective assurance and consultancy activity designed to add value and improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes."

The findings emerging from internal audit reviews provide a basis for an Annual Audit Opinion in the Statement of Internal Control within the Annual Governance Statement.

London Borough of Tower Hamlets 2014/15 Internal Audit Plan

	Audit Days	Pages
Corporate systems and Council-wide reviews	50	5
Director of Law, Probity and Governance	30	6
Education, Social Care & Wellbeing	290	7-9
Communities, Localities & Culture	155	10-11
Tower Hamlets Homes	130	12-13
Development & Renewal	150	14-15
Resources & core financial systems	286	16-18
Information technology audits	100	20
Follow up, management and reactive fraud provision	250	20
Total Provision	1,441	-

Auditable System <u>Corporate Systems &</u> <u>Council Wide Reviews</u>	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
Management and Control of Sickness	This review will examine systems and controls for management, monitoring and reporting of sickness.	20	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management and Control of Waivers of Financial Regulations	The objective is to provide assurance that there are sound systems and controls for management and monitoring of waivers to Council's financial regulations.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Service Planning	This review will examine systems and procedures for managing and monitoring service planning process by the corporate performance group.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System <u>Director of Law,</u> <u>Probity and</u> <u>Governance</u>	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
Information Governance Confidentiality Audits	This review will examine systems and controls for confidentiality audits to meet the requirements set in the IG Toolkit.	30	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System <u>Education, Social Care</u> <u>& Wellbeing</u>	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source Of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
Building Contract Audit	This audit will examine systems and controls for managing and monitoring capital works contracts. A sample of capital projects in progress will be selected for audit testing at pre-contract, currency of contract and post contract stages.	20	Audit Needs Analysis	A Prosperous Community Support lifelong learning opportunities for all
Framework –I	This will be an audit of the controls around ordering, paying and general data quality on Framework-I system for Adults Social Care.	15	Management Request	A Safe and Supportive Community Empower Older and Vulnerable People
Management and Control of Cleaning Contract services	This audit will examine systems and controls for managing the Cleaning contracts operated by the Contract Services team.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management and Control of Leaving Care services	This audit will assess the effectiveness of controls for managing the Children's Leaving Care services.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	A Safe and Supportive Community Focus on Early Intervention
Management and Control of Youth Offending Services	The objective of this audit is to examine and evaluate the effectiveness of systems and controls for management of various Youth Offending services.	15	Management Request	A Safe and Supportive Community Focus on Early Intervention

Auditable System <u>Education, Social Care</u> <u>and Wellbeing</u>	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source Of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
Monitoring of Adults Social Care contracts with Third Sector Organisations	This will be a review of systems and controls for monitoring Adults Social Care services delivered by voluntary organisations to ensure that the providers deliver these contracts effectively and provide good value for money.	20	Audit Needs Analysis	A Safe and Supportive Community Focus on Early Intervention
Risk Management	To carry out testing around the effectiveness of risk identification, risk assessment, control identification and management of risks and opportunities.	15	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Schools Probity Audits	The objective of this audit is to carry out programmed regularity audit visits to primary, secondary and special schools to ensure that delegated budgets and functions are managed and controlled effectively by schools.	120	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
Education, Social Care & Wellbeing				
Management and Control of Adoption services	This audit will examine systems and controls for managing the Adoption services to ensure that key standards, procedures and requirements are complied with.	15	Management Request	A Safe and Supportive Community Focus on Early Intervention
Management and control of petty cash accounts	This audit will carry out compliance testing on management and control of various petty cash accounts operated by the Directorate.	10	Audit Needs Analysis and Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Public Health Contracts	This audit will examine systems and controls for monitoring a sample of Public Health contracts to ensure that the client – side monitoring is sound and effective.	20	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Customer Journey- First Response	This will be a review of the processes for First Response Services to ensure that there are sound systems and controls in place and objectives are achieved.	10	Management Request	A Safe and Supportive Community Focus on Early Intervention

Auditable System	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
Communities, Localities & Culture		-		
Management and Control of Blue Badges	This audit will examine systems and controls for management and administration of Blue Badges issued to eligible residents.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Current Contract Audit	This audit will examine systems and controls for managing and monitoring capital works contracts. A sample of capital projects in progress will be selected for audit testing.	20	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Parking Income	This audit will examine systems and controls for managing and administering onstreet parking income, including electronic cashless payments.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management and control of Animal Warden service	This audit will assess the effectiveness of controls for managing the Animal Warden Service.	15	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Refuse Collection and Disposal - Contract Management and Monitoring	The objective of this audit is to examine and evaluate the effectiveness of systems and controls for client-side monitoring of the contracts.	20	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
Communities, Localities & Culture		Jujo		
Transport Services	This will be a review of systems and controls within Transport Services Unit to ensure that key service priorities are delivered effectively.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Risk Management	To carry out testing around the effectiveness of risk identification, risk assessment, control identification and management of risks and opportunities.	15	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Rechargeable Works	The objective of this audit is to examine systems and controls for managing rechargeable works to ensure that all such works are identified, assessed and income raised and collected for the works carried out.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Poplar Mortuary	This audit will be a regularity audit to provide assurance that key standards, procedures and requirements are being complied with.	10	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Markets – Management of Licence Revocation	This audit will examine systems and controls for management and administration of revocation of traders' licences to ensure that procedures are sound and secure and debt arrears are managed and controlled.	15	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System <u>Tower Hamlets Homes</u>	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
Management and Control of Housing Repairs	This audit will examine the systems and controls for management and monitoring of reactive housing repairs works carried out to tenanted dwellings.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management of Asbestos	This audit will examine systems and procedures for management of Asbestos to assure management that key standards and procedures are in place.	15	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Financial Systems	This will be an annual review of financial systems.	10	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Contract Audit	This audit will examine systems and controls for managing and monitoring capital work projects. A sample of capital schemes will be selected for audit testing at pre-contract, currency of contract and post-contract stages.	20	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Housing Insurance Claims	This audit will assess the effectiveness of controls for managing the housing insurance claims. This will be consultancy piece of work.	15	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System Tower Hamlets Homes	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
Management and Monitoring of Out of Hours Repairs	This review will examine systems and controls for monitoring Out of Hours Repairs processed by THH, through LBTH via Vangent and by various repairs contractors	10	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Follow Up Audits	To carry out follow up audits to assess the progress made in implementing previously agreed recommendations.	20		One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management Requests	To service management requests for additional audit work.	10		One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
<u>Development &</u> <u>Renewal</u>		·		
Management and Control of Community Infrastructure Levy	This audit will examine the systems and controls for management and administration of CIL.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management and Control of Community Chest programme	This audit will examine systems and controls for managing and monitoring Community Chest grants.	15	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management and Delivery of Homelessness Strategy	The objective of this audit is to assure management that Homeless Strategy is being delivered effectively to achieve objectives and priorities of the Council.	10	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Contract Audit	This audit will examine systems and controls for managing and monitoring capital work projects. A sample of capital schemes will be selected for audit testing at pre-contract, currency of contract and post-contract stages.	20	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management and monitoring of Energy contracts	This audit will assess the effectiveness of controls for managing and monitoring the borough-wide contracts for the supply of gas and electricity.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
<u>Development &</u> <u>Renewal</u>				
Management and Control of Housing Improvement and Renovation Grants	The objective of this audit is to examine and evaluate the effectiveness of systems and controls in place for awarding, monitoring and paying for improvement and renovation grants.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Risk Management	To carry out testing around the effectiveness of risk identification, risk assessment, control identification and management of risks and opportunities.	15	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Tower Hamlets Homes – Client side Monitoring	The objective of this audit is to examine systems and controls for client-side management and monitoring of the Management Agreement with THH to deliver housing services for the Council.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management and Control of s.106 non- financial obligations	This audit will review the controls in place for ensuring that s.106 non-financial obligations are managed and controlled to secure their delivery in accordance with the agreements.	15	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Asset Management	This will be a review of systems and controls for management of Council's assets to achieve the key priorities and objectives.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System	ystem Broad Scope		Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities		
<u>Resources</u>		Days				
Management of Business Rate Retention Scheme	To provide assurance over the soundness and adequacy of the business rate retention scheme.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council		
Bank Reconciliation	We will examine the arrangements for the bank reconciliation of Council's various bank accounts.	10	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council		
Debtors incl. Recovery and write-offs	To provide assurance to management in preparing the annual statement of accounts and to support the authority's "Managed" audit approach.	15	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council		
Treasury Management	Annual Review of key financial system	10	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council		
HR/payroll	Annual Review of key financial system	15	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council		
General Ledger	Annual Review of key financial system	15	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council		
Budgetary control	Annual Review of key financial system	10	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council		

Auditable System	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
<u>Resources</u>		Duyo		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Creditors	Annual Review of key financial system	15	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
NNDR	Annual Review of key financial system	10	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Council Tax	Annual Review of key financial system	10	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Capital Programme and Accounting	Annual Review of key financial system	10	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Pensions	Annual Review of key financial system	8	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Housing and Council Tax Benefit	Annual Review of key financial system	15	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Risk Management	To carry out testing around the effectiveness of risk identification, risk assessment, control identification and management of risks and opportunities	15	Management Request	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System Resources	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
<u>ricodaroco</u>				
Housing rents	Annual Review of key financial system	8	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Reconciliation of Feeder systems with GL	Annual Review of key financial system	15	Part of Managed Audit approach	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Systems Development and Variation Control for Future Sourcing Contract	This audit will review the effectiveness of systems and controls for monitoring ICT systems development work packages referred to Agilisys. We will also review the soundness of systems for controlling and monitoring variations to the contract.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
HR Improvement - Systems development and advice	This audit will be part of the HR systems development review and advice	10	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Cash and Deposit System	Annual Review of key financial system	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Post completion review of the new Financial Information System	This will be a complete post-implementation review of the new financial information system.	10	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
<u>Resources</u>		•		
Management of VAT	We will review systems and controls for VAT management.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Revenues, Processing and Reconciliation Functions (ex-Cahiers)	This audit will review the systems and processes for managing and controlling the various functions within the Revenues, Processing and Reconciliation service based at Roman Road.	10	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management of Efficiency Savings Programme	Review of systems and controls for managing and monitoring the Council's savings programme.	15	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Auditable System Information Technology	Broad Scope	Audit Days	Source of Audit	Link with Corporate Priorities
<u>Technology</u> ICT Audits	This will be a programme of ICT systems and applications audits.	100	Audit Needs Analysis	One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
<u>Other</u>				
Management Requests	Provision for additional management requests	50		One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Reactive Fraud	Provision for reactive fraud work	50		One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Follow Up audits	Provision for undertaking follow up to recommendations raised during 2013/14.	100		One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council
Management Time	This is a provision for management time to direct, control and monitor the work of the team.	50		One Tower Hamlets Working efficiently and effectively as One Council

Governance-based Audit Assessment Methodology

Assessment Categories

The Risk Assessment model takes account four assessment categories to produce a risk index for each auditable area. The auditable area is scored in each category using assessment criteria to gauge the degree of risk or materiality associated with the particular area. The table below summarises the proposed four assessment categories and what each is intended to measure.

Ass	sessment Category	Measure	
Α	Corporate Importance – Objectives/Priorities	Corporate materiality	
В	Corporate Sensitivity – Impact	Reputational materiality	
С	Inherent Risk	Inherent vulnerability	
D	Control Risk	Control effectiveness	

The full definition for each category and the scoring criteria are described below.

Assessment Process

Assessment was based on professional judgement after careful consideration of the key risks to the authority with the Executive Directors and other key officers, a review of current and previous audit plans and strategic issues facing the authority. The following steps were followed in performing the risk assessment:

Step	Action
1	Select the System and Corporate Controls to be risk assessed, to ensure a clear and unambiguous understanding
	of the area under review. This is normally called the Auditable Area
2	Select the most appropriate assessment criterion and therefore the score in each assessment category
3	Record the scores.
4	Compute the risk index by reference to the following section

Calculation of the Audit Risk Index

Internal Audit risk is the product of risk and materiality. In valuing materiality it is appropriate to <u>add</u> the constituent assessments of Corporate Importance and Corporate Sensitivity to generate a Materiality Factor on a scale of 100.

Total Risk is the product of inherent and control risk. For the purposes of simplicity in this model Inherent Risk is assessed on a scale of 5-10 and Control Risk on a scale of 2-10. The minimum Risk Factor is produced by <u>multiplying</u> these components is therefore 10% (2 x 5).

The Audit Risk Index for each auditable area is, therefore, the Materiality Factor multiplied by the Risk Factor.

Results of the Audit Risk Assessment

The structured list of auditable areas with illustrative assessment scores is recorded and the summarised scores used to give the Risk Factor and Materiality Factor and the resultant Audit Risk Index.

The list of auditable areas is then ranked by reference to the Audit Risk Index and grouped as high, medium or low priority. The top third are considered to be high priority, the next medium priority, and the bottom third low priority.

A CORPORATE IMPORTANCE this aspect considers the effect on an organisation of any inability to achieve management defined service objectives should the system or process fail. This aspect also takes into account the financial exposure or materiality of the area. The consequential impact, either directly or indirectly, on other systems and processes is also relevant to the assessment. Overall it is a measure of the extent to which the organisation depends on the correct running of the system to achieve its strategic objectives.

Score	Risk to Department, Corporate and/or Service Objectives		Operational Risk Exposure		Financial Risk Exposure
10	Negligible impact on achievement of service objectives. This would still be achieved with minimum extra cost or inconvenience.	or	Minor inconvenience	or	Under 2% of total operating income or net assets.
20	Service objectives only partially achievable without compensating action being taken or reallocation of resources.	or	Difficult to recover	or	Between 2% and 10% of operating income or net assets.
30	Unable to achieve service objectives without substantial additional costs or time delays or adverse effect on achievement of national targets / performance indicators.	or	Permanent loss of data	or	Between 10% and 30% of operating income or net assets.
40	Unable to achieve service objectives resulting in significant visible impact on service provision such as closure of facilities.	or	Unable to restore system	or	Between 30% and 50% of operating income or net assets.
50	Unable to achieve service objectives, resulting in inability to fulfil corporate obligations.	or	Organisation unable to function	or	Over 50% of total operating income or net assets

B Corporate Sensitivity This aspect takes into account the sensitivity / confidentiality of the information processed, or service delivered by the system, or decisions influenced by the output. It also assesses any legal and regulatory compliance requirements. The measure should also reflect any management concerns and sensitivities.

Score	Risk to Public Image		Risk of Adverse Publicity		Risk to Accountability		Risk of non-legal Compliance
10	Negligible consequences					or	No regulatory requirements
20	Some public embarrassment but no damage to reputation or standing in the community	or	Information would be of interest to local press			or	Minimal regulatory requirements and limited sensitivity to non-compliance
30	Some public embarrassment leading to limited damage	or	Information would be of interest to local MPs			or	Modest legal and regulatory requirements
40	Loss of credibility and public confidence in the service concerned	or	Incident of interest to National Press	O r	Incident potentially leading to the dismissal or resignation of the responsible functional manager	or	Extensive legal and regulatory requirements with sanctions for noncompliance
50	Highly damaging with immediate impact on public confidence	or	Incident of interest to the Audit Commission, government agencies	O r	Incident potentially leading to the resignation or dismissal of a Chief Officer	or	Possible court enforcement order for non-compliance

C Inherent Risk This aspect considers the inherent risk of the system, service, process or related assets to error, loss, irregularity, inefficiency, illegality or failure. The particular service sector, nature of operations and the pace of change will also affect the level of inherent risk. Similarly the relative complexity of the system will influence the inherent risk or error. The inherent vulnerability of a system, service or process cannot be altered, only mitigated by the quality of controls considered in section D.

Score	Inherent Risk – Vulnerability		Risk of Error due to System Complexity		Risk resulting from Pace of Change		Risk to Asset Security
5	Low vulnerability		Simple system with low risk of error	or	No changes planned	or	Undesirable low value assets not at risk of fraud or loss
6	Medium or low inherent risk	or		or	Limited changes planned with reasonable timescale		
7	Medium vulnerability	or	Moderately complex system with medium risk of error	or	Moderate level of change over medium term		
8	Medium to high inherent risk	or		or	Significant level of change with restricted timescale		
10	Highly vulnerable	or	Complex system with high risk of error	or	Extensive changes planned with short timescale	or	Highly desirable assets exposed to high risk of fraud or loss

D Control Risk This aspect assesses the level of control risk based upon the results of past audits of the control environment under review. This aspect also takes into account of the operating history and condition of systems and processes and knowledge of management controls to minimise exposure to risk. CRSA and extensive Control Risk Workshops under the leadership of the Council's Risk Manager could support evaluation.

Score	History of Risk Management Success		Management Risk and Control Environment		Condition of Risk Management Controls
2	No history of control weakness	or	There is effective risk management in place and adequate controls operated by risk-aware management	or	Effective controls and robust attitude to the management of all material risks. Embedded risk management culture
4	No history of significant weakness	or	Good management risk and control environment	or	Stable system with history of reliability and controls. Risk management issued considered regularly.
6	No high risk issues outstanding from the previous audit/investigation/best value/external review	or	No knowledge of management risk and control environment	or	Risk management and system controls not validated.
8	Some significant problems were identified and are known to be outstanding from the previous audit/review	or	Some significant concerns have been expressed by management (through Controls Risk Workshops)	or	Technical health of system of risk management and controls in doubt.
10	Major weaknesses in risk management and controls were identified and are known to be outstanding	or	Major concerns have been expressed by management (through Controls Risk workshops)	or	Obsolete system with history of problems and ineffective control. Little or no work undertaken on risk management.

Internal Audit Strategy

<u>Introduction</u>

What is Internal Audit?

Internal Audit is a review function within an organisation. Essentially it exists to perform the following roles:

- Review systems of risk management, internal control and governance to ensure that these are sound and effective.
- To provide an assurance opinion on the soundness of the organisation's risk management and internal control frameworks.
- To add value to the organisation's operational activities by recommending enhancements to systems and identifying potential efficiencies.

Perhaps the most succinct definition of Internal Audit is provided by the Institute of Internal Auditors – UK and Ireland (IIA-UK), as follows:

Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes.

The Authority's Internal Audit Charter defines the function of Internal Audit, with specific reference to its role within the Authority, in the following way:

Internal Audit is an independent review function established as a service to Members, the Audit Committee and all levels of management. The Internal Audit Service is responsible for the independent assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of the procedures and controls within systems operating within all of the Council's activities. It also has a responsibility to provide assurance to management that the Authority's risk management and corporate governance arrangements are satisfactory.

Why do we need an Internal Audit Strategy?

An Internal Audit Strategy outlines the means by which Internal Audit seeks to achieve its stated aims and objectives. The strategy is the plan for the effective delivery of the Internal Audit service.

This document sets out Internal Audit's strategic approach, which should facilitate:

- on an annual basis, the provision to the S151 officer of an overall opinion on the Authority's risk management, control and governance, to support the preparation of the Statement of Internal Control;
- audit of the Authority' risk management, control and governance processes through periodic audit plans in a way which affords suitable priority to the Authority's objectives and risks;
- improvement of the Authority's risk management, control and governance by providing line management with recommendations arising from audit work;
- the identification of audit resources required to deliver an audit service which meets the CIPFA Code of Practice 2006 for Internal Audit in Local Government:
- effective co-operation with external auditors and other review bodies functioning in the Authority;
- Provision of assurance and consultancy services by Internal Audit.

The Role and Purpose of Internal Audit

The role of Internal Audit is to understand the Authority's key risks, and to review and evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the systems of internal control, risk management and corporate governance that are in operation at the Council, to ensure that they are sufficient for the purposes of mitigating risk.

It is a statutory requirement for Local Authorities to have an internal audit function, under S151 of the Local Government Act 1972. The Act also stipulates that Internal Audit should have unrestricted access to all information and records retained by the Authority. This enables Internal Audit to comprehensively review, appraise and report on the authority's functions as outlined in the Audit Charter.

Strategic Aims

Internal Audit exists to support the Council in the achievement of its corporate objectives. In particular:

• Internal Audit will support the Authority's aim to provide quality public services, by evaluating and reporting on the standard of systems of internal control in Council service areas;

Appendix 2

- Internal Audit will support the Authority in working to the values set out in its corporate plan by providing the Head of Risk Management, the Director of Resources and the Audit Committee with reports on the extent of compliance with the Authority's Code of Corporate Governance;
- Internal Audit will contribute to the delivery of the Authority's community aims through professional audit reviews and effective recommendations for improving systems that support the Council's organisational aims;
- Internal Audit will assist the Director of Resources in the discharge of his statutory responsibilities for ensuring the proper administration of the Authority's financial affairs and will contribute to the Authority's aim of maximising and making best use of its financial resources through:
 - Risk based reviews of financial systems;
 - o Advice on the adequacy and effectiveness of controls in new and developing systems;
 - Promotion of best practice across the Authority;
 - Advice on the prevention and detection of fraud affecting the Authority and investigation of waste or abuse within the Council systems.

Internal Audit & Risk Management

Risks are potential events or occurrences that may have an adverse effect on the organisation's ability to achieve its objectives. Risk Management is the process of identifying, evaluating and responding to risks in order to mitigate them. Risk Management is not the responsibility of Internal Audit. However, Internal Audit will use the authority's risk management framework to focus its work by concentrating on those areas that are most critical to the authority. Consequently, Internal Audit will review the authority's risk registers on a six monthly basis and where necessary amend the internal audit plan to ensure audit resources are continually focused on areas identified by management where the objectives may not be achieved.

Dimension 4 from the CIPFA/SOLACE report on good governance highlights Risk Management as being an integral part of good governance. Internal Audit will therefore also examine the authority's risk management arrangements annually and in so doing, also fulfil the requirements of the CIPFA Code of Practice 2006 for Internal Audit in Local Government to report formally on the authority's arrangement for Risk Management.

Identifying Audit Coverage

In order to identify the auditable systems and establish the areas of risk or specific importance within the authority, Internal Audit will adopt an approach involving discussion and review of the current position. Information will be gathered by meeting key officers within the authority including Corporate Directors and Finance Managers, the Chief Executive and other key officers within the authority. Internal Audit will also discuss the requirements of the External Auditors and the requirements of the "managed audit" approach to ensure those areas upon which our external auditors would seek to place reliance on the internal audit work are included within the internal audit programme. Details of the "Governance" Based Strategic Planning are attached to this paper for information.

In compiling its work programme, Internal Audit will make use of information available within the authority to identify auditable systems, such as

- the authority's risk registers, to ensure risks are being managed properly;
- background information obtained from previous audits and our discussions to date with the authority;
- experience of issues raised at other public sector organisations after carefully considering key risks to the authority; and
- Current and previous audit plans and strategic issues facing the authority.

For each auditable system, Internal Audit will classify the systems into one of three risk bands according the system's significance to the authority: High (H), Medium (M) or Low (L). It is recognised and appreciated that Internal Audit cannot review all auditable systems within the authority each year as both financial and human resources are limited. Internal Audit will therefore seek to use the resources available to review those auditable systems that are most significant to the authority. Hence, all systems highlighted as being highly significant will always be included within the annual audit plan. A proportion of medium significance audits will also been included in the plan. In deciding which medium-significance auditable system to review, we will use our assessment of the system and discuss with management those areas that will add value. It is highly unlikely the resources will permit the inclusion of auditable units that are of low significance to the authority and therefore these auditable units will feature on the Internal Audit plan unless specifically requested by management.

Delivering the Strategy

The strategic internal audit plan will be compiled annually for each financial year and only comprise those systems due for review in that year. The strategic plan will therefore relate to one financial year and be subject to a formal six monthly review.

Internal audit will primary perform risk based audits, all exceptions to this will require prior agreement from the Head of Risk Management. The risk based approach entails examining the objective of the auditable system, the risks relating to the delivery of those objectives and an assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of the control framework to achieve the desired objectives.

Audit Reporting

The reporting arrangements for Internal Audit are detailed in the Internal Audit Charter under "Reporting".

Quality

All internal audit work will be subject to rigorous review and quality assurance procedures. This will entail:-

- planning the scope of the audit to ensure focus on areas of risks and concerns;
- supervision of audit work by the Audit Managers;
- a formal review and sign off of the audit report and audit file by the Audit Managers;
- further formal reviews of all reports and sign off for issue to audited by the Partnership Manager;
- obtaining feedback and comments from the auditees and Directors;
- seeking feedback from the external auditors; and
- Bench marking Internal Audit quality control procedures with other similar organisations.

The Internal Audit Process

The Pre-Audit Stage

Based on the audit timetable, which has previously been agreed, Internal Audit Team will give two weeks notice to the appropriate Corporate Director and Service Head (the Audit Owner) of an impending audit review and issue an Audit Brief. The Audit Brief will also detail how the audit relates to the agreed audit plan. The Audit Owner has an opportunity to comment on the Audit Brief and raise any areas of concern.

The Audit Owner will ensure that Internal Audit is provided with a written agreement or otherwise to the Audit Brief within two weeks following the receipt of the draft by the Audit Owner.

During the Audit

At this stage Internal Audit will keep the Auditee informed of key findings found during the course of the audit. Where an officer has not been able to provide information requested, Internal Audit will refer matters to the Audit Owner.

The Auditee will ensure that the auditor is provided with all the resources and facilities, including information requested, to facilitate the smooth progress of the audit, including responding to any auditor enquiries promptly.

Post Audit Stage

Upon conclusion of the audit field work Internal Audit will present a Draft Audit Report to be discussed at the audit exit meeting with the Audit Owner. At the audit exit meeting, the findings will be discussed, along with any recommendations for improvement.

Following the audit exit meeting, LB Tower Hamlets Internal Audit will issue a formal Draft of the Audit Report which includes a Management Action Plan of Recommendations to the Audit Owner within three weeks following the completion of the audit exit meeting.

The Audit Owner has three weeks to respond to the Draft Audit Report by completing the Management Action Plan of Recommendations, including listing responsible officers and proposed completion dates. Upon receipt of the agreed Action Plan, a Final Report will be issued to all parties concerned.

The Audit Owner will then enter the agreed management actions and target dates into the Audit Tracker System, and monitor the progress in implementing the recommendations.

The LB Tower Hamlets Internal Audit will present a Summary of Findings from recently issued Final Audit Reports to the Audit Committee. The Audit Owner will have the opportunity to add a response to the Summary of Findings before this report is presented to the Audit Committee.

The Monitoring Process

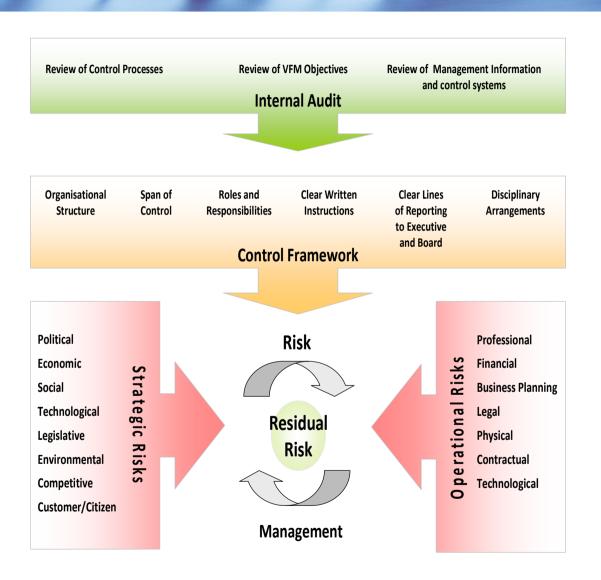
Follow-up audits will be conducted six months after the issue of the Final Report, and a follow up audit report will be issued showing the progress on implementing the agreed recommendations.

Internal Audit recommendations are classified as follows:

Category 1 – High Priority - 100% of recommendations to be implemented within six months

Category 2 – Medium Priority – 95% of recommendations to be implemented within six months

Summary



Internal Audit: Will provide assurance that risk management processes and internal controls are operating effectively, ensure major business risks are being managed effectively, and that governance arrangements are operating effectively.

Control Framework: A matrix of control mechanisms will be developed to ensure that every member of staff is aware of their responsibility in managing risk, and a reporting framework will ensure that the Senior Management Team and the Board have a clear view of the effectiveness of the controls in place.

Risk Management: The Risk Register will be reviewed on a periodic basis to reassess the residual level of risk for the strategic risks identified in the first year of operation; new risks added as they become evident.

Appendix 3: Risk Management Framework

Definitions

Risk "Any issue which could impact on an organisation's ability to meet its objectives"

Risk Management Risk management is a planned and systematic approach to the identification, analysis and control of risks that challenge and threaten the achievement of the objectives of the organisation. Risk management makes it possible to determine whether the risks pose a large enough threat and the innovations a big enough opportunity, to implement mitigation techniques.

Objective Is to implement an effective risk management framework that ensures that risks are identified and managed to an acceptable level and that opportunities are fully exploited, whilst minimising, financial loss, service disruption, bad publicity, reputation loss, claims for compensation and threats to the public and staff.

Our Policy: We believe that by managing risks effectively, we at LB of Tower Hamlets will be in a stronger position to deliver our strategic and operational objectives. By taking advantage of opportunities and managing them well, we will be in a better position to improve services and give our stakeholders better value for money.

Objectives of Risk Management:

- Ensure that systems are in place to identify, track and report upon existing and emerging risks that could damage the interest of our business and our stakeholders.
- Ensure that risk management is embedded throughout the organisation, creating an environment where all staff assumes responsibility for managing risk.

These Objectives will be achieved by:

- Establishing clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within the organisation for risk management;
- Providing opportunities for shared learning on risk management across the organisation;
- Developing and maintaining systems for identifying and evaluating all significant risks;
- Developing and maintaining a framework for allocating resources to identified priority risk areas;
- Reinforcing the importance of effective risk management as part of the everyday work of employees by offering training;
- Incorporating risk management considerations into Best Value and service reviews and business planning;
- Put in place review and monitoring arrangements to assess the effectiveness of our mechanisms and arrangements.

To Emphasise the Organisation's Working Commitment to Risk Management, the Risk Management Mission Statement is as Follows:

"London Borough of Tower Hamlets recognises that it has a responsibility to manage opportunities and risks in a structured manner in order that LB Tower Hamlets will better achieve its corporate objectives and enhance the value of services it provides to the Community".

The Audit Committee, Corporate Management Team (CMT) and the Directorate Management Team (DMT) will have overall responsibility for risk management and will be consulted and kept informed as to the progress of the implementation of the strategy on at least an annual basis.

Corporate Directors	The Corporate Directors have the operational responsibility for ensuring that there are sound procedures in place at Directorate level for effective financial management, risk management and internal control systems.
Corporate Director of Resources	As S.151 officer, the Corporate Director of Resources is responsible for the proper administration of the financial affairs of the Council. The requirement to have an Internal Audit function derives from S.151 of the Local Government Act 1972 As such the Corporate Director of Resources supports the Council and its departments in ensuring that the arrangements made for financial management, risk management and internal control systems are sound and secure.
Corporate Management Team	One of the roles of the CMT is to work on a cross-directorate basis to ensure that the Council has an effective risk management arrangement in place to achieve its objectives and to consider quarterly reports on the key strategic risks faced by the Council and how these risks are being managed and mitigated.
Audit Committee	The Committee's primary role is to review and conclude upon the adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's overall internal control system. In performing this role the Committee's work predominantly focuses upon the framework of risks, controls and related assurances that underpin the delivery of the Council's objectives.

Risk Management Action Plans

One of the key risk management objectives is the effective management of the organisation's risks, both strategic and operational. This has been achieved by the sessions to identify and profile the organisation's significant strategic risks.

Once this task has been compiled, SMT and the Audit Committee will be asked to comment on these risks and the risk assessment process. In relation to the operational risks, each Director has facilitated and co-ordinated a similar risk assessment exercise in order that the significant operational risks have been accurately identified profiled and managed. The aim of such a process is that it will eventually form part of each Division's annual business planning process.

Coming out of this process, will be risk management action plans relating to the most serious significant risks, i.e. those where the existing levels of internal control are seen as inadequate. The above assessments (both strategic and operational) will be a yearly process with tracking and monitoring of risks on an annual basis.

The Director of Resources will receive copies of each Division's operational risk management action plans in order that any cross-departmental risks can be picked up and managed accordingly. The Director of Resources will also monitor the risk improvement strategy to ensure that progress is made against the key significant risks.

Similarly, the same risk assessment programme can be adopted when services are going through the Best Value programme. A risk management pack can be included in the Best Value documentation. It is generally accepted that each Directorate must be seen to be managing its risks in order to demonstrate Best Value.

Classification of Risk

Strategic Risks		Operational Risks		
Political	Economic	Professional	Financial and business planning	
Wrong strategic priorities	General economic problems	Failure to recruit/retain staff	Failure of major project(s)	
Not meeting Government agendas	Regional economic problems	Lack of training	Failure to prioritise, allocate	
Too slow to innovate/modernise	Treasury risk	Over-reliance on key officers	appropriate budgets and monitor	
Decisions based on incomplete	Missed business or service	Inefficient management processes	Failure to implement effective partnering contracts for property	
information	opportunities	Inability to implement change	and estate services	
Unfulfilled promises to Council		Lack of employee motivation		
Failure to recruit a suitable CEO		Bad management of partners		
Social	Technological	Legal	Physical	
Failing to meet the needs of	Obsolescence of technology	Not meeting statutory duties	Attacks on personnel	
disadvantaged	Security policies	Breach of confidentiality/DPA	Loss of tangible assets	
Impact of demographic changes	Breach of confidentiality	Failure to comply with European	Non compliance with health &	
Employment challenges	Failure in communications	Directives on procurement of works, supplies, and services	safety law	
Lack of development of staff		Failure to implement new legislation	Loss of physical assets	
Failures in partnership working			Local and national emergencies	
Legislative	Environmental	Contractual	Technological	
Judicial review	Impact of sustainability policies	Over-reliance on key	Failure of big technology project	
Human Rights Act breaches	Noise, contamination and	suppliers/contractors	IT system crashes affect services	
Intervention by regulatory bodies	pollution	Failure of outsource provider	Breaches of security of network and	
Inadequate response to new		Quality issues	data	
legislation		Non-compliance with procurement policies	Bad management of intranets and websites	
Poor response to Audit Commission	(0)	penerec	- Hossites	
Competitive	Customer/Citizen			
Failure to show best value	Lack of appropriate consultation			
Failure of bids for government funds	Bad public and media relations			